

Dual-CMS Routing

How We Took Our New CMS Live One URI at a Time



About me

- Systems Integration Architect @ UWG
- SysAdmin of both Windows and Linux
- Recovering SPARC Solaris Admin
- F5 Load Balancer, SAN, VMware, & Hyper-V Admin
- Coder
 - Ruby & PowerShell mostly
 - PHP-dabbler
- Automator of things with Puppet
- Linux & Open Source Advocate
- Data Center junkie
- Mac aficionado









The Challenge

- 1. Move from OpenText to Omni Update
- 2. Keep current URL
- 3. Do the migration in phases
 - a. Phase 1 includes:
 - i. the front page of www.westga.edu
 - ii. ~ top 40 sites by traffic
 - b. Legacy subdomains / custom URL's



Ideas & Opportunities

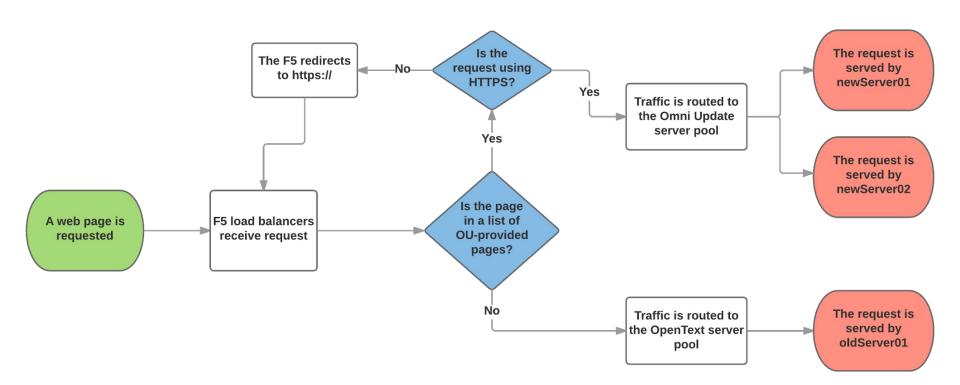
- Use a whitelist based on URI's
 - Site already fronted by F5's -- iRules for the win!
 - Don't have an F5? Stay tuned... (NGINX to the rescue)

Implement high availability / redundancy

- Go 100% HTTPS
 - 2014 http://bit.ly/GoogleHTTPSBonus
 - OpenText site's https version was busted

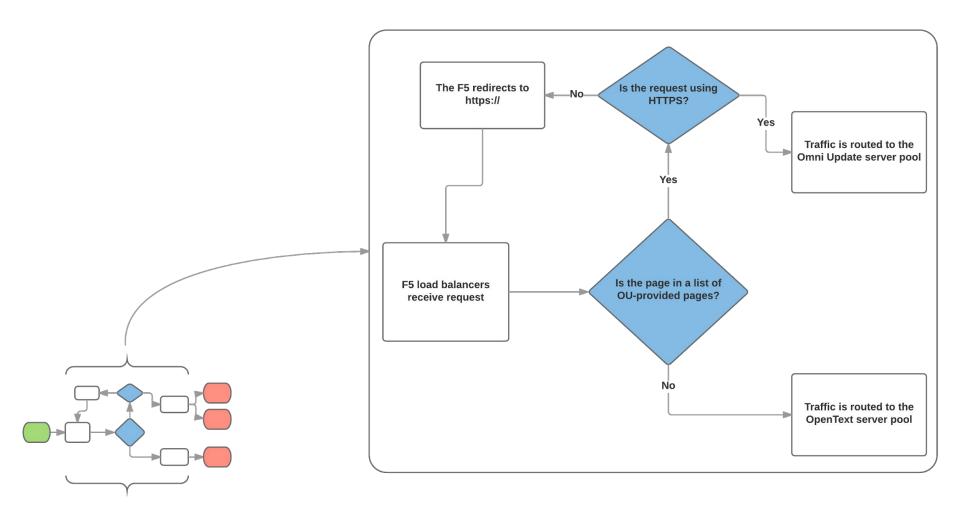


The Design



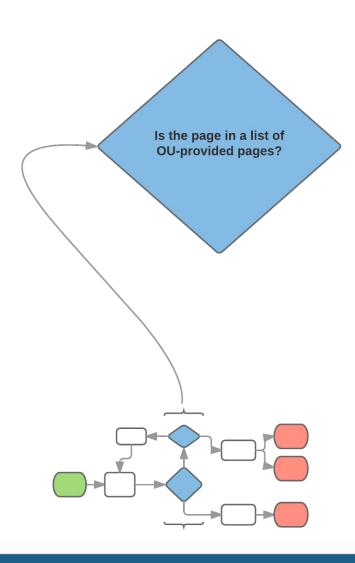


Route old to old, new to new





Whitelisting



- 1. Keep a list of migrated URI's
- 2. Check each request against the list
- Send migrated requests to new CMS on HTTPS
- Send everything else to old CMS
- 5. Facilitate rapid de-migration

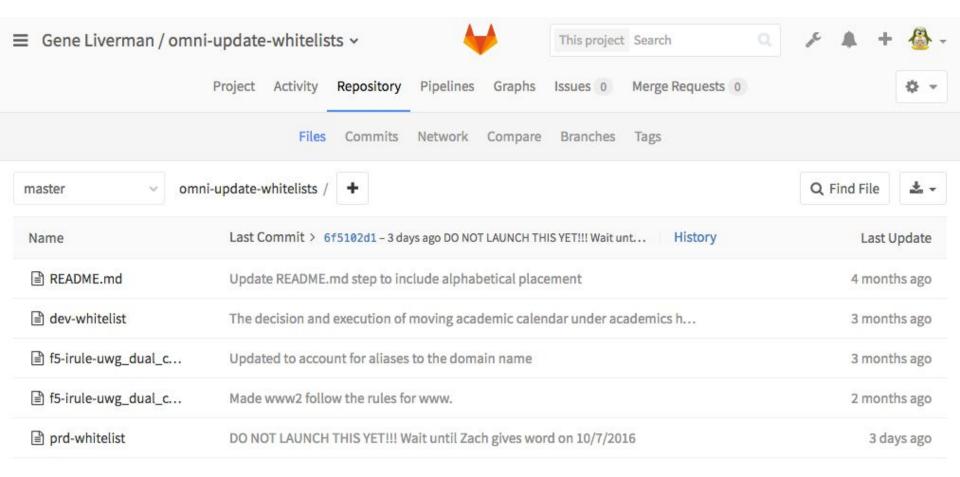


Keep a list of migrated URI's

- Prod and Dev version of list
- Tracked in Git
- Edits via GitLab web interface
- Diffs sent to admins
- List deployment is copy / paste

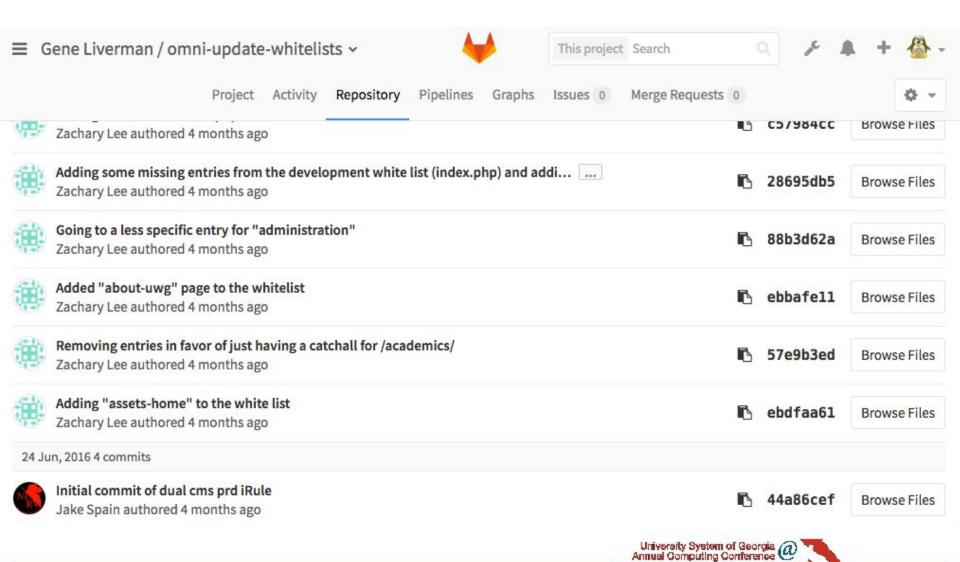


Project in GitLab





Git Changelog



Diff Email

Zachary Lee pushed to branch master at Gene Liverman / omni-update-whitelists

Commits:

c57984cc
 by Zachary Lee at 2016-06-25709:26:52-04:00
 Adding a ton of root level .php files

1 changed file:

prd-whitelist

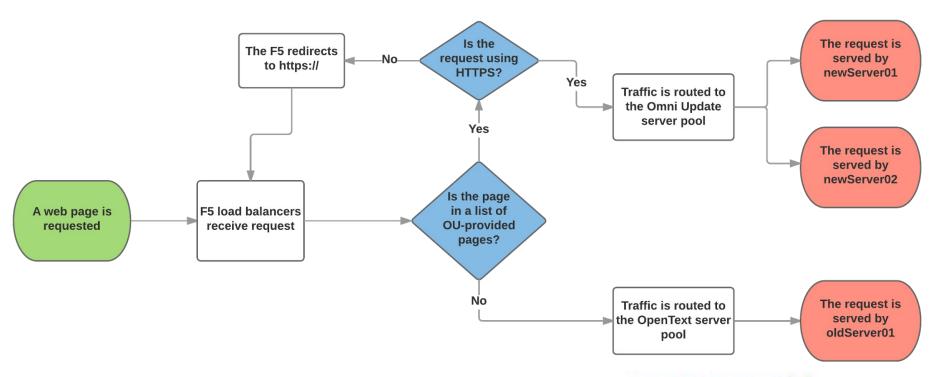
Changes:

prd-whitelist



Check each request against the list

- Use iRule to process each request
- Use Data Group for the whitelist
- Set backend pool using iRule

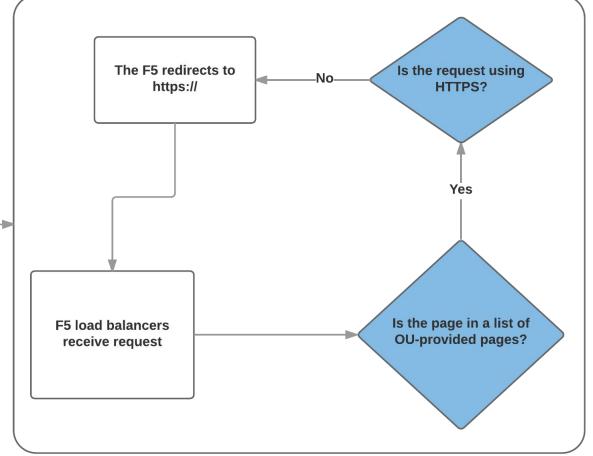




Send migrated requests to new CMS on HTTPS

Redirect insecure migrated requests

2. Start process all over





Send everything else to old CMS

```
if { ([HTTP::host] equals "www.westga.edu") or
([HTTP::host] equals "www2.westga.edu") } {
```

Requests to www / www2 not in whitelist

- Determine if secure
- 2. Set appropriate pool for Open Text backend

```
} else {
```

Requests to some other domain

- 1. Determine if secure
- 2. Set appropriate pool for Open Text backend



Directory or File?

Some content wasn't rendering if the trailing / was missing



Facilitate rapid de-migration

Scenario: www.westga.edu/some_department gets migrated and an issue is found that didn't show up in testing.

- Pages on Open Text still exist
- Reverting migration equals deleting one line from a text file
- After undoing migration new pages still exist on Omni Update servers



Alternate Pathways

Port	Usage
80	Processed by iRule
443	Processed by iRule
8080	Sent directly to OpenText server
8443	Sent directly to first Omni Update server
9443	Sent directly to first Omni Update server

- Same on both dev and prod
- Used for testing and verification (esp. on load balanced pair)



Gotchas

- Assets such as CSS -- don't use same path on new server
 - Each URI can only be active on one server
- User-added iFrames + HTTPS conversion
 - Some providers don't offer HTTPS
- Browser caching
- Syncing content in a HA environment



Syncing content in a HA environment

- 1. Omni Update publishes to first server with SFTP
- 2. When service account logs out:
 - a. /sync-www.txt is updated with current time
 - b. Rsync is triggered to second server by pam_exec
- 3. Clean-up rsync is run by cron every 5 minutes

Current sync-status visible in browser:

- 1st server: https://www.westga.edu:8443/sync-www.txt
- 2nd server: https://www.westga.edu:9443/sync-www.txt



Triggering a sync

Sync by way of pam_exec:

/etc/pam.d/sshd:

Use pam_exec.so to sync data between web servers session optional pam exec.so /usr/local/bin/pam-sync-www.sh

Sync by way of root's crontab:

*/12 * * * * /usr/local/bin/sync-www.sh



Kicker Script Overview

pam-sync-www.sh:

```
( [ "${PAM_TYPE}" == "close_session" ] &&
  [ "${PAM USER}" == "${trigger user}" ] ) || exit 0
```

- Only run script body on our service account's logout
- Exit success for every other scenario



Sync Script Overview

sync-www.sh:

- 1. On work when run by root
- 2. Uses lock file to keep from running multiple instances
- 3. Uses hostname to determine if being run on dev or prod
- 4. Updates sync-www.txt
- 5. Runs "rsync -avr --delete-after" of document root

Logging:

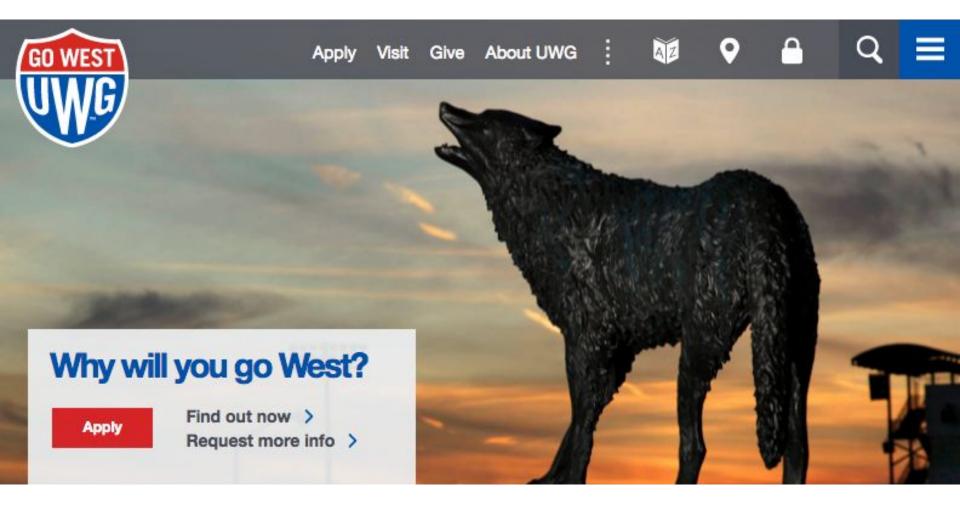
- All commands sent to logger
- Rsync output along with start and end times logged to file



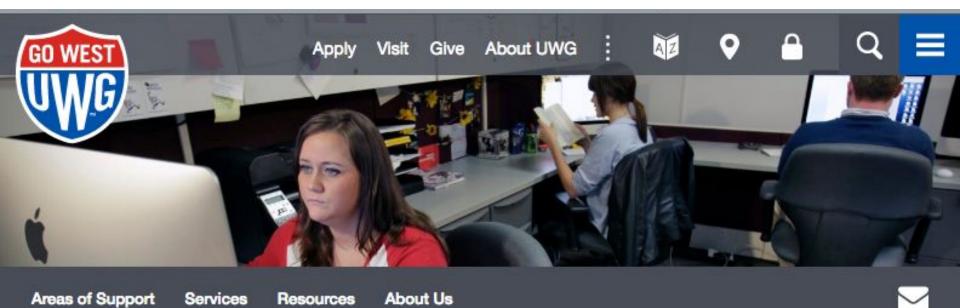
Demo Time

www.westga.edu









Information Technology Services

Home / Information Technology Services





https://www.westga.edu/its



UWG | Campus Planning and Facilities

Home About Us Departments Employee links **Projects**

Meet the Staff



Welcome to Campus Planning & Facilities!

Who we are...

http://www.westga.edu/cpf/index.php



No F5, no problem.

Got NGINX?

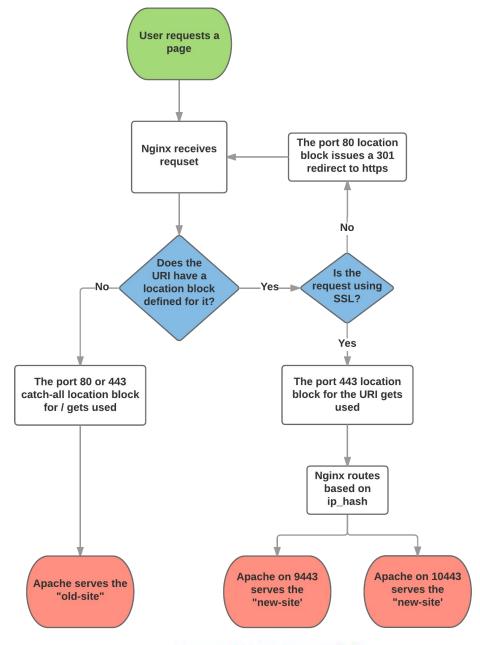


Nginx Setup

- Just a reverse proxy
- Doesn't serve any content
- Working demo on my GitHub

Tools Used

- Vagrant for demo
- One CentOS 7 VM
- Nginx instead of F5
- Apache vhosts for backends





Demo Time

https://github.com/genebean/nginx-uri-proxy



New Site in Apache

Current URI: /

Page	Status	Notes
<u></u>	Migrated	home page
/index.php	Migrated	Be sure to migrate your actual home page :)
<u>/part1</u>	Migrated	
/part1/random/sub/section		Inherits migrated status
<u>/part2</u>	Old Site	Inherits default location block
/part2/special/page.php	Migrated	Single page explicitly migrated
/part2/special/hello.php		Same directory but not migrated yet
/part3	Migrated	
/not/migrated/yet	Old Site	Also inherits default location block



New Site in Apache

Current URI: /index.php

Page	Status	Notes
<u></u>	Migrated	home page
/index.php	Migrated	Be sure to migrate your actual home page :)
<u>/part1</u>	Migrated	Ĭ
/part1/random/sub/section		Inherits migrated status
<u>/part2</u>	Old Site	Inherits default location block
/part2/special/page.php	Migrated	Single page explicitly migrated
/part2/special/hello.php		Same directory but not migrated yet
/part3	Migrated	Ĩ I
/not/migrated/yet	Old Site	Also inherits default location block



Old Site in Apache

Current URI: /part2

Page	Status	Notes
<u>/</u>	Migrated	home page
/index.php	Migrated	Be sure to migrate your actual home page :)
<u>/part1</u>	Migrated	
/part1/random/sub/section		Inherits migrated status
<u>/part2</u>	Old Site	Inherits default location block
/part2/special/page.php	Migrated	Single page explicitly migrated
/part2/special/hello.php		Same directory but not migrated yet
/part3	Migrated	
/not/migrated/yet	Old Site	Also inherits default location block



New Site in Apache

Current URI: /part3

Page	Status	Notes
<u></u>	Migrated	home page
/index.php	Migrated	Be sure to migrate your actual home page :)
<u>/part1</u>	Migrated	
/part1/random/sub/section		Inherits migrated status
/part2	Old Site	Inherits default location block
/part2/special/page.php	Migrated	Single page explicitly migrated
/part2/special/hello.php		Same directory but not migrated yet
<u>/part3</u>	Migrated	Ī U
/not/migrated/yet	Old Site	Also inherits default location block



```
include
                    /etc/nginx/mime.types;
default type
                    application/octet-stream;
# Load modular configuration files from the /etc/nginx/conf.d directory.
# See http://nginx.org/en/docs/ngx core module.html#include
# for more information.
include /etc/nginx/conf.d/*.conf;
upstream old backend http {
    server 127.0.0.1:8081;
upstream old backend https {
    server 127.0.0.1:8444;
upstream new backend https {
    ip hash;
    server 127.0.0.1:9444;
    server 127.0.0.1:10444;
```





```
location = / {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 001
  return 301 https://$host:443$request uri;
location = /index.php {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 002
  return 301 https://$host:443$request uri;
location /part1 {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 003
  return 301 https://$host:443$request uri;
location = /part2/special/page.php {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 004
  return 301 https://$host:443$request uri;
location /part3 {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 005
  return 301 https://$host:443$request uri;
location / {
  # Order defined in Puppet: 999
  proxy pass http://old backend http;
 proxy set header Host
                                   $host:
  proxy set header X-Real-IP
                                   $remote addr;
  proxy set header X-Forwarded-For $proxy add x forwarded for;
```

These define the matches for http traffic



```
location /part1 {
 # Order defined in Puppet: 003
 proxy pass https://new backend https;
 proxy set header Host
 proxy set header X-Forwarded-For $proxy add x forwarded for;
location = /part2/special/page.php {
 # Order defined in Puppet: 004
 proxy pass https://new backend https;
 proxy set header Host
 proxy set header X-Real-IP
                                 $remote addr;
 proxy set header X-Forwarded-For $proxy add x forwarded for;
location /part3 {
 # Order defined in Puppet: 005
 proxy pass https://new backend https;
 proxy set header Host
                                 $host:
 proxy set header X-Real-IP
                                 $remote addr;
 proxy set header X-Forwarded-For $proxy add x forwarded for;
location / {
 # Order defined in Puppet: 999
 proxy pass https://old_backend_https;
 proxy_set header Host
                                 $host:
 proxy set header X-Real-IP
                                 $remote addr;
 proxy set header X-Forwarded-For $proxy add x forwarded for;
```

These define the matches for https traffic



Questions?



Dual-CMS Routing

How We Took Our New CMS Live One URI at a Time

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